

Proposal for Consideration at the Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference 2011 Biennial Meeting		<input type="checkbox"/> Growing Area <input type="checkbox"/> Harvesting/Handling/Distribution <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Administrative
Name of Submitter:	ISSC Executive Director	
Affiliation:	Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference	
Address:	209-2 Dawson Road Columbia, SC 29223	
Phone:	803-788-7559	
Fax:	803-788-7576	
Email:	issc@issc.org	
Proposal Subject:	Guidance on Equivalence Criteria for Food	
Specific NSSP Guide Reference:	N/A	
Key Words:	Equivalence; Criteria	
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action:	<p>Under Article 4 of the World Trade Organization (WTO) Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (SPS) (the SPS Agreement), each member nation of the WTO, including the United States, is obligated to accept as equivalent a food regulatory system of another country if it provides the same level of health protection as is provided to consumers by its own system.</p> <p>Equivalent regulatory systems need not be identical. Under the concept of equivalence, the “sanitary or phytosanitary measures” used by an exporting country may differ from the measures applied domestically by an importing country as long as these measures “achieve the importing Member’s appropriate level of sanitary or phytosanitary protection”.</p> <p>Under the SPS Agreement, the burden of demonstrating that equivalence exists rests with the exporting country. The exporting country has the right to decide for itself whether the regulatory system of the exporting country is equivalent to its own or is inadequate to achieve “the importing Member’s appropriate level of sanitary or phytosanitary protection,” or that inadequate evidence has been provided to demonstrate equivalence.</p> <p>One of the roles of the USFDA in the National Sanitation Shellfish Program (NSSP) is the evaluation of foreign programs and the establishment of MOU’s with countries that meet the requirements of the NSSP. This responsibility of FDA is outlined in IV. A. 4. of the ISSC/FDA Memorandum of Understanding, March 14, 1984. Article 4 of the WTO Agreement obligates the FDA to accept equivalency in foreign programs. The Agreement requires that the USFDA consider acceptance of foreign shellfish safety programs that, while having a system of sanitary measures that differ from those applied domestically, are recognized as providing an equivalent level of public health protection.</p> <p>The FDA is seeking input from the ISSC for purposes of incorporating the concept of equivalency into the NSSP. Recognizing that FDA has a clear obligation under the WTO Agreement to take responsibility for equivalency determination, it is important to the Agency that this responsibility be recognized within the NSSP.</p>	

Public Health Significance:	N/A
Cost Information (if available):	N/A
Action by 2007 Task Force III	Recommended referral of Proposal 07-303 to Executive Board for developing short term and long term approaches to incorporating equivalency into the NSSP and the ISSC.
Action by 2007 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of 2007 Task Force III.
Action by USFDA	December 20, 2007 Concurred with Conference action.
Action by 2009 Executive Board	Recommended the Executive Board continue discussions with FDA to address equivalency of food programs.
Action by 2009 Task Force III	Recommended adoption of the Executive Board recommendation on Proposal 07-303.
Action by 2009 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of 2009 Task Force III on Proposal 07-303.
Action by USFDA 02/16/2010	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 07-303.