ISSC 2017 Committee Report

Committee Name : Chairperson: Date of Meeting: Recorder:	Production Reporting Kirk Wiles October 15, 2017 Cathy Mantooth	Approved By: Printed Name:	Kirk Wiles
Committee Members Present:			
X Kirk Wiles (Chairperson) X Bill Dewey Clara Hard	X Mike Hicke X Dave Carey □ Keith Skiles	-	X Steve Fleetwood X Melissa Abbott (FDA Delegate) X John Jacobs (NOAA Delegate)

Charges

Charge 1:

Findings/Conclusions:

The committee reviewed the production data that had been reported to ISSC and heard discussions regarding the obstacles faced by State Shellfish Control Authorities in collecting production data. The reported information indicates that not all states have reported and significant variations in data from the states that have reported. The consensus of the committee was that including Model Ordinance requirements for the industry at the harvester or dealer level may be helpful for states that adopt the NSSP Model Ordinance by reference. The committee also agreed that guidance is needed to ensure consistency in production reporting.

Recommendations:

1) Include the following language in Model Ordinance:

Chapter VIII .01 General

E. Each harvester shall report harvest quantities by species to the Authority. Should the state choose to collect production data from certified dealers, harvesters are exempt from this requirement to avoid double counting.

Chapter X .03 Other Model Ordinance Requirements

- C. Each dealer shall report harvest quantities by species to the Authority. Should the state choose to collect production data from harvesters, certifies dealers are exempt from this requirement to avoid double counting.
- 2) Include the following guidance in Section IV. Guidance Documents Chapter IV. Naturally Occurring Pathogens of the NSSP Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish.

Introduction

The NSSP Model Ordinance Chapter II @.03 B. includes a requirement for the Authority to report production data to the ISSC.

The primary purpose of the requirement is to ensure that the data necessary to conduct V.v and V.p. risk evaluations is collected by the Authority. Additionally, production trend data would be used by the ISSC in evaluating illness trends. To utilize the data for both of these intended purposes, it is important that the production data be collected and reported timely at appropriate intervals and in metrics that allow the development of national production trends.

Timely Reporting

The Authority should annually report monthly production data no later than March 1 of the subsequent year. The ISSC will compile state information which will be shared with the ISSC Executive Board at the Spring ISSC Executive Board Meeting. The information will also be provided to the ISSC Vibrio Management Committee for use in evaluating illness trends.

Reporting Intervals

The annually reported data will include production totals for each month of the preceding year. The monthly reporting will allow shellfish authorities to conduct risk analysis for the time periods that coincide with the higher risk periods.

Reporting Metrics

The State may use the reporting metric that is most appropriate for conducting the risk analysis that are required in Chapter II @.06 and @.07 and are optional in Chapter II@.02. It is expected that all states will not choose the same metric. Should the Authority choose a metric other than pounds of shellfish meat, the Authority should provide a conversion factor that allows the ISSC to convert the metric into pounds of Shellfish meat. Chapter II @.03 B includes the reporting of utilization type (raw, shucked, PHP, etc.) when available. Authorities are encouraged to provide utilization type. The current risk models assume that at all times of the year, 50% of harvested shellfish are consumed raw. The reporting of utilization type could provide valuable insight into that assumption and could result in more precise vibrio calculators.